

SKiiP 24AC126V1



MiniSKiiP[®] 2

3-phase bridge inverter

SKiiP 24AC126V1

Features

- Fast Trench IGBTs
- Robust and soft freewheeling diodes in CAL technology
- Highly reliable spring contacts for electrical connections
- UL recognised file no. E63532

Typical Applications

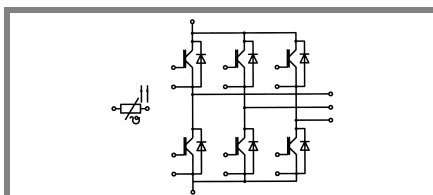
- Inverter up to 19 kVA
- Typical motor power 11 kW

Remarks

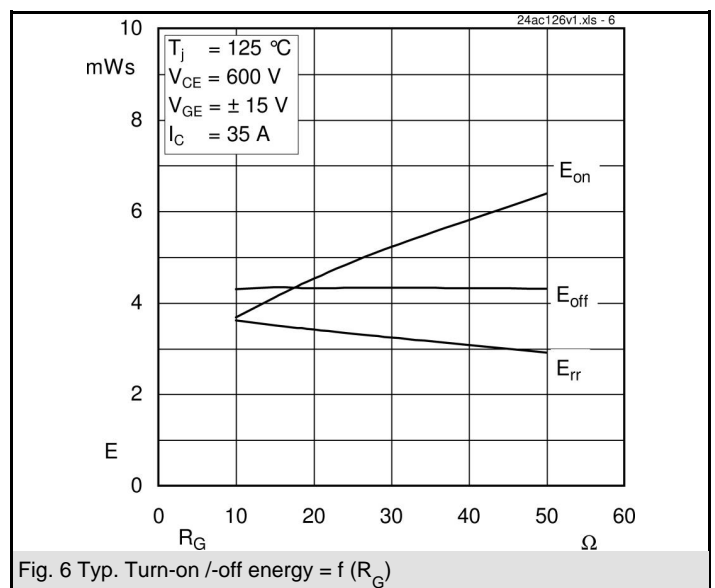
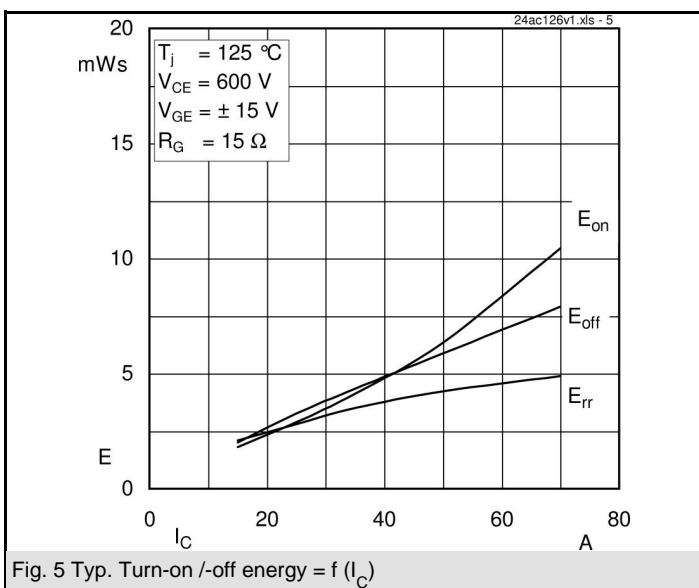
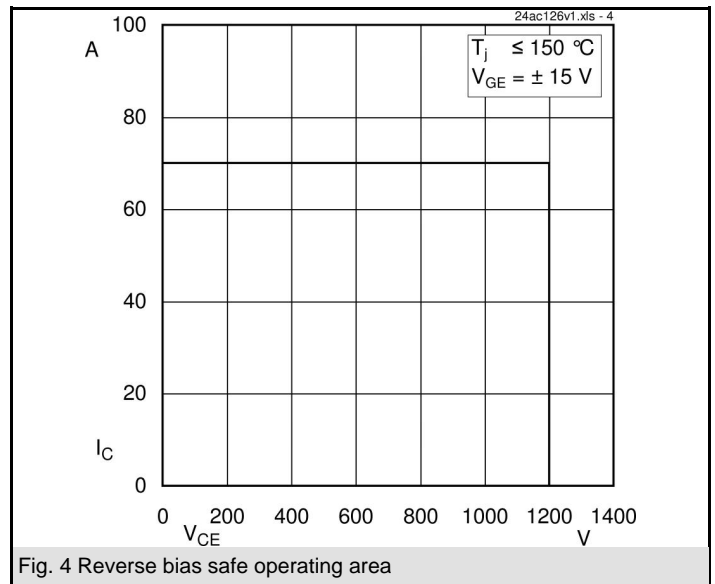
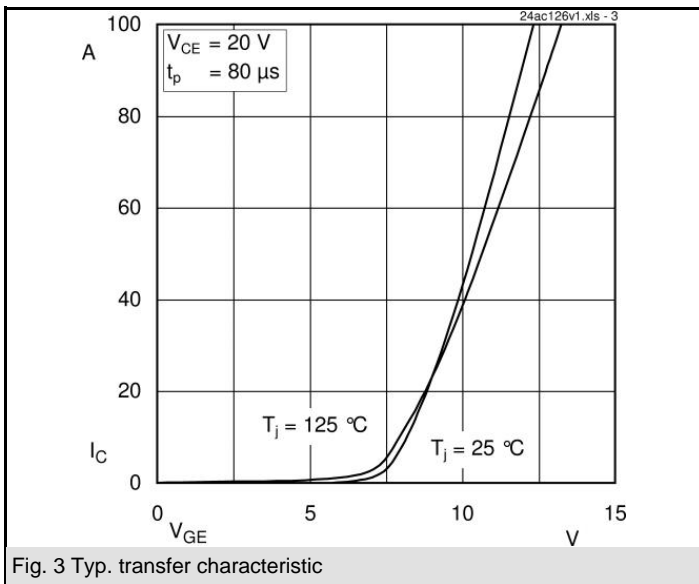
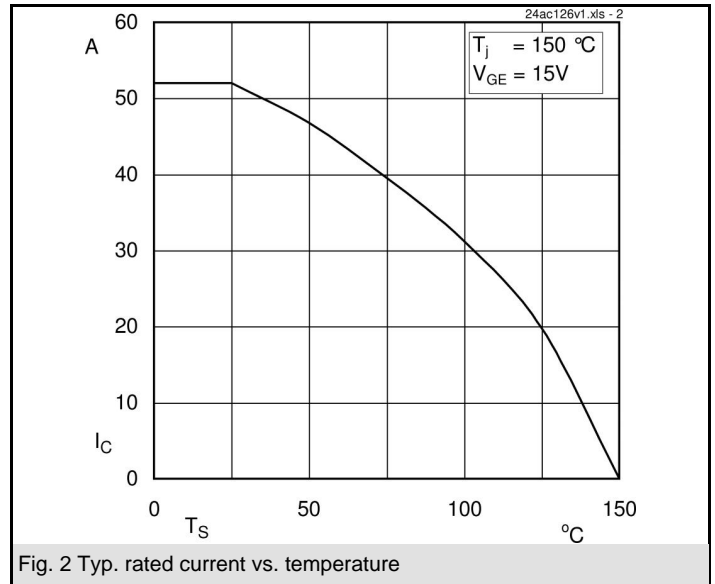
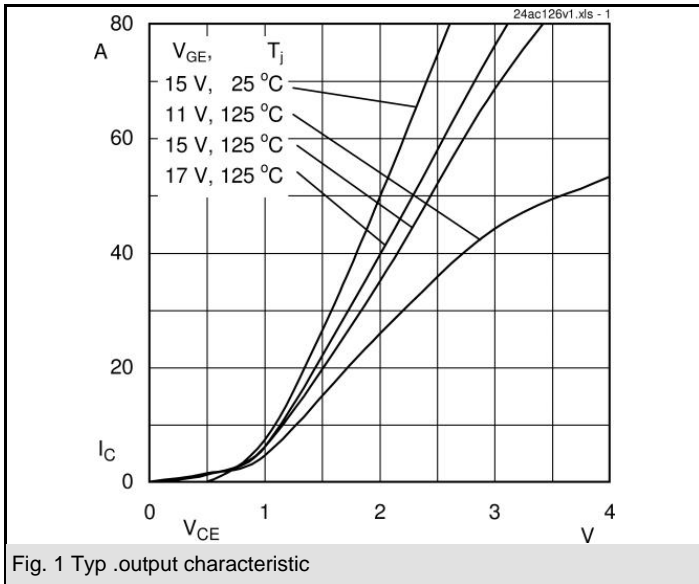
- V_{CEsat} , V_F = chip level value

Absolute Maximum Ratings		$T_s = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified	
Symbol	Conditions	Values	Units
IGBT - Inverter			
V_{CES}	$T_s = 25\text{ (70) }^\circ\text{C}$ $t_p \leq 1\text{ ms}$	1200	V
I_C		52 (40)	A
I_{CRM}		70	A
V_{GES}		± 20	V
T_j		- 40 ... + 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Diode - Inverter			
I_F	$T_s = 25\text{ (70) }^\circ\text{C}$ $t_p \leq 1\text{ ms}$	38 (29)	A
I_{FRM}		70	A
T_j		- 40 ... + 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
I_{tRMS}	per power terminal (20 A / spring)	100	A
T_{stg}	$T_{op} \leq T_{stg}$	- 40 ... + 125	$^\circ\text{C}$
V_{isol}	AC, 1 min.	2500	V

Characteristics		$T_s = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified			
Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Units
IGBT - Inverter					
V_{CEsat}	$I_{Cnom} = 35\text{ A}$, $T_j = 25\text{ (125) }^\circ\text{C}$		1,7 (2)	2,1 (2,4)	V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$, $I_C = 1,5\text{ mA}$	5	5,8	6,5	V
$V_{CE(TO)}$	$T_j = 25\text{ (125) }^\circ\text{C}$		1 (0,9)	1,2 (1,1)	V
r_T	$T_j = 25\text{ (125) }^\circ\text{C}$		20 (31)	26 (37)	m Ω
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		2,4		nF
C_{oes}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		0,5		nF
C_{res}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		0,3		nF
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per IGBT		0,75		K/W
$t_{d(on)}$	under following conditions		80		ns
t_r	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$		30		ns
$t_{d(off)}$	$I_{Cnom} = 35\text{ A}$, $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		435		ns
t_f	$R_{Gon} = R_{Goff} = 15\text{ }^\circ\Omega$		95		ns
E_{on}	inductive load		4,2		mJ
E_{off}			4,4		mJ
Diode - Inverter					
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_{Fnom} = 35\text{ A}$, $T_j = 25\text{ (125) }^\circ\text{C}$		1,8 (1,8)	2,1 (2,2)	V
$V_{(TO)}$	$T_j = 25\text{ (125) }^\circ\text{C}$		1 (0,8)	1,1 (0,9)	V
r_T	$T_j = 25\text{ (125) }^\circ\text{C}$		23 (31)	29 (37)	m Ω
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per diode		1,5		K/W
I_{RRM}	under following conditions		43		A
Q_{rr}	$I_{Fnom} = 35\text{ A}$, $V_R = 600\text{ V}$		7		μC
E_{rr}	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$, $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $di_F/dt = 1450\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		3,5		mJ
Temperature Sensor					
R_{ts}	3 %, $T_r = 25\text{ (100) }^\circ\text{C}$		1000(1670)		Ω
Mechanical Data					
m			65		g
M_s	Mounting torque	2		2,5	Nm



AC



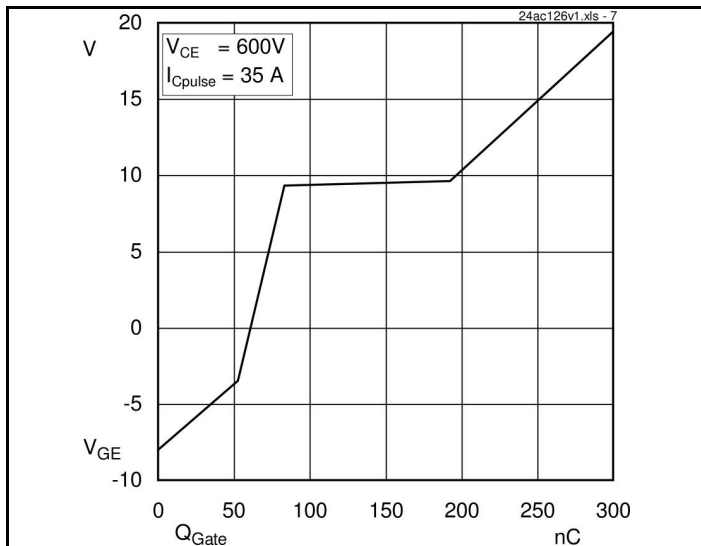


Fig. 7 Typ. gate charge characteristic

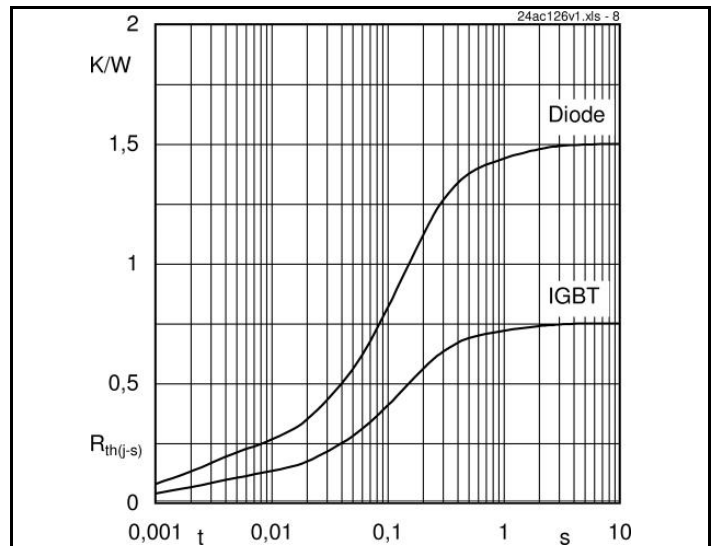


Fig. 8 Typ. thermal impedance

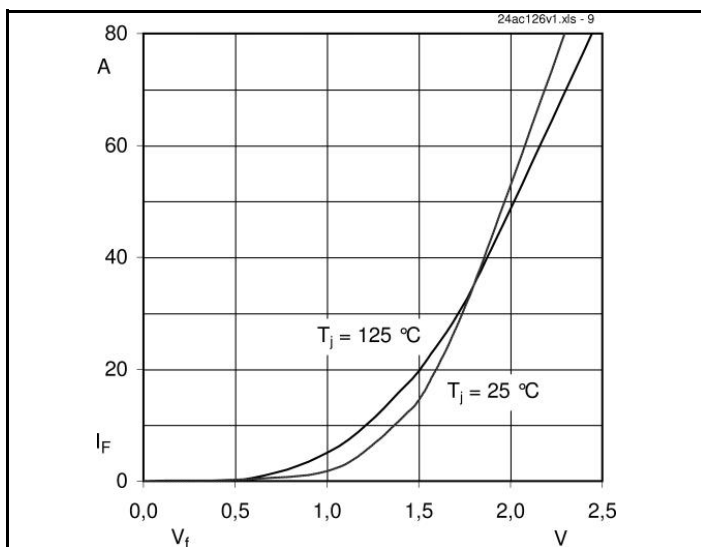
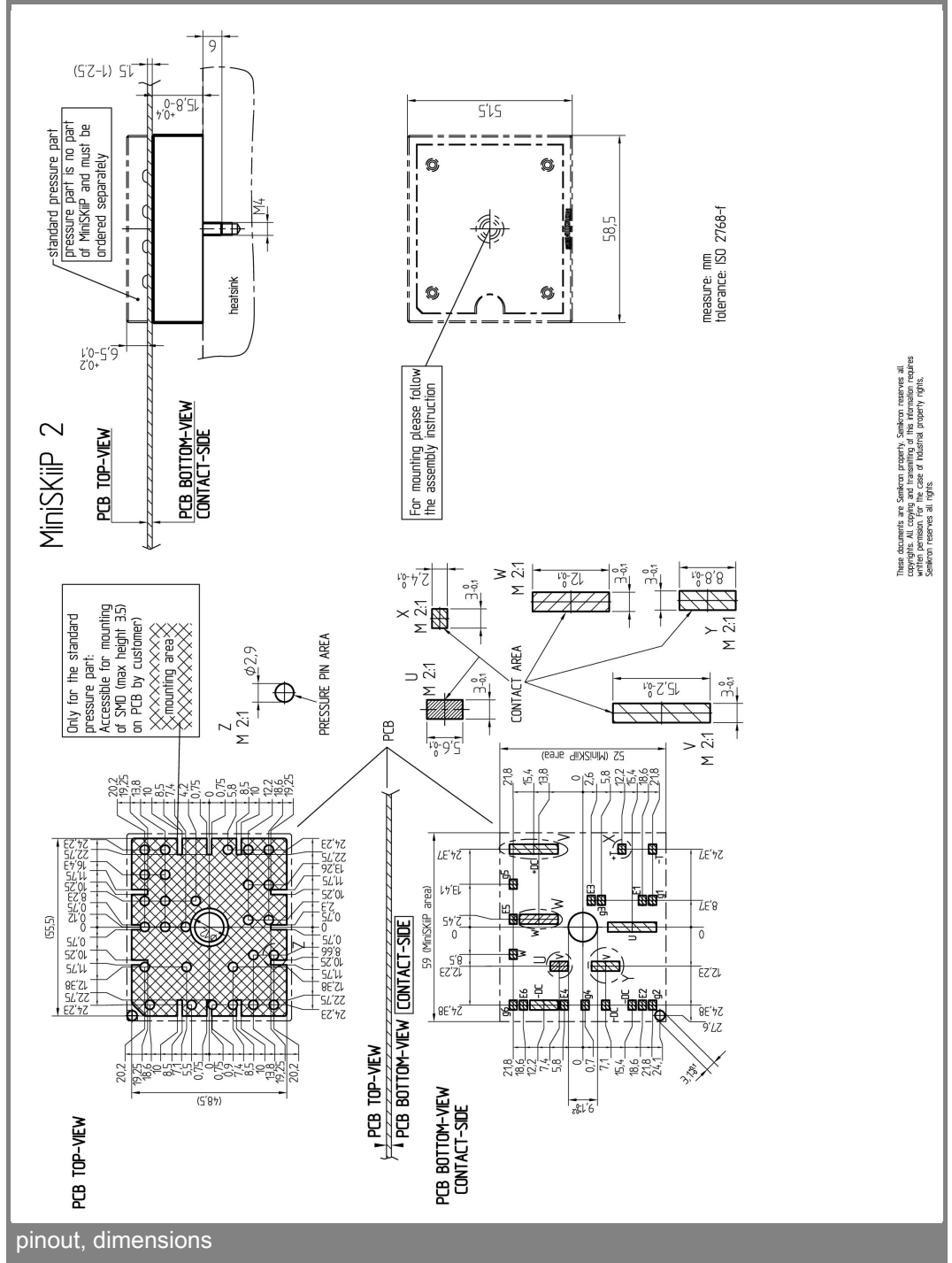
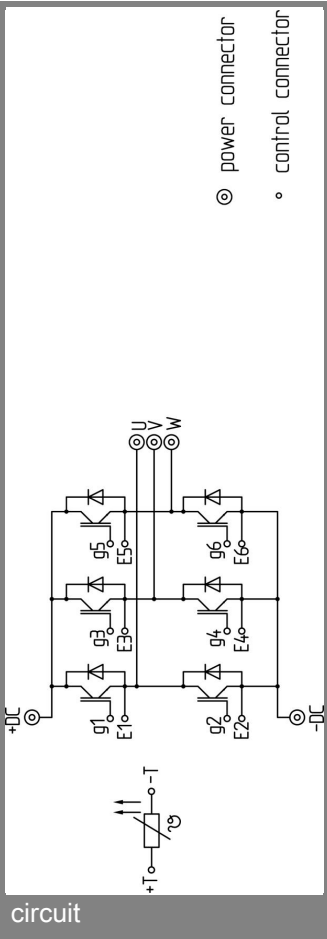


Fig. 9 Typ. freewheeling diode forward characteristic



These documents are Semikron property. Semikron reserves all copyrights. All copies and transmitting of the information requires written permission. In the case of industrial property rights, Semikron reserves all rights.

This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS), international standard IEC 60747-1, Chapter IX.

This technical information specifies semiconductor devices but promises no characteristics. No warranty or guarantee expressed or implied is made regarding delivery, performance or suitability.