Rechargeable Lithium Coin Batteries

Vanadium Pentoxide Lithium Rechargeable Batteries (VL series)



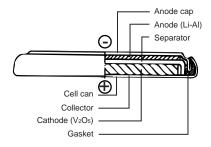




Features

These coin-type lithium batteries feature vanadium oxide for the positive pole, lithium alloy for the negative pole and a non-aqueous solvent for the electrolyte.

Construction



Applications

- Memory backup power supplies for office automation equipment (personal computers, fax machines, etc.), audio-video equipment (VTRs, etc.), communications equipment (mobile phones, etc.), etc.
- Hybrid systems with solar batteries (solar remote controllers, etc.)







General Specifications

Model	Electrical Characteristics (20°C)			Dimensions (mm)		Weight (g)	JIS	IEC
	Nominal Voltage (V)	*Nominal Capacity (mAh)	Continuous Drain (mA)	Diameter	Height	weight (g)	313	IEC
VL621	3	1.5	0.01	6.8	2.1	0.27	-	ı
VL1220	3	7.0	0.02	12.5	2.0	0.8	-	ı
VL2020	3	20.0	0.07	20.0	2.0	2.2	-	-
VL2320	3	30.0	0.10	23.0	2.0	2.7	-	-
VL2330	3	50.0	0.10	23.0	3.0	3.5	-	ı
VL3032	3	100.0	0.20	30.0	3.2	6.2	-	-

^{*} Nominal capacity shown above is based on standard drain and cut off voltage down to 2.5V at 20°C.

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Charging

■ Charging circuits

Charging/discharging cycle	Approx. 1,000 times at 10% discharge depth to nominal capacity				
Charging system*	Constant-voltage charging. (Please strictly adhere to the specified charge voltage)				
Operating temperature	-20°C ~ +60°C				

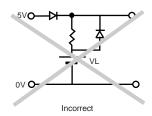
^{*} Consult with Panasonic concerning constant-current charging systems.

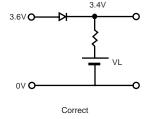
The charging circuit is crucial in terms of ensuring that full justice will be done to the battery characteristics.

Consider it carefully as the wrong charging circuit can cause trouble.

■ Precautions regarding the charge voltage setting

Under no circumstances should trickle charging, which is used for nickel-cadmium batteries, be used. Ignoring this precaution will cause the battery voltage to rise to about 5V, resulting in a deterioration of performance.





■ Charge voltage range

If a fixed-charging method is applied, please adhere to the specified charging voltage.

The guaranteed value over an operating temperature range from -20 to +60°C is $3.4V\pm0.15V$. (Actual value: $3.4V\pm0.20V$)

- * If the charging voltage exceeds the specifications, the internal resistance of the battery will rise and may cause battery deterioration. Also, with a charge voltage around 4V, corrosion of the (+) terminal (case) may occur, causing leakage. ("Influence of charge voltage" in this section.)
- * It is not possible for the battery capacity to recover completely when the charging voltage is below the specification.

■ Recommended charging circuits

Basic conditions

Charge voltage: 3.4V±0.15V

Charge current: For a battery voltage of 3V VL621 Approx. 0.2 mA or below VL1220 Approx. 0.5 mA or below VL2020 Approx. 1.5 mA or below VL2320, VL2330 Approx. 2.0 mA or below VL3032 Approx. 4.0 mA or below

(It is permissible for the current to increase beyond the above level when the battery voltage drops below 3V.)

■ Mixed usage of batteries

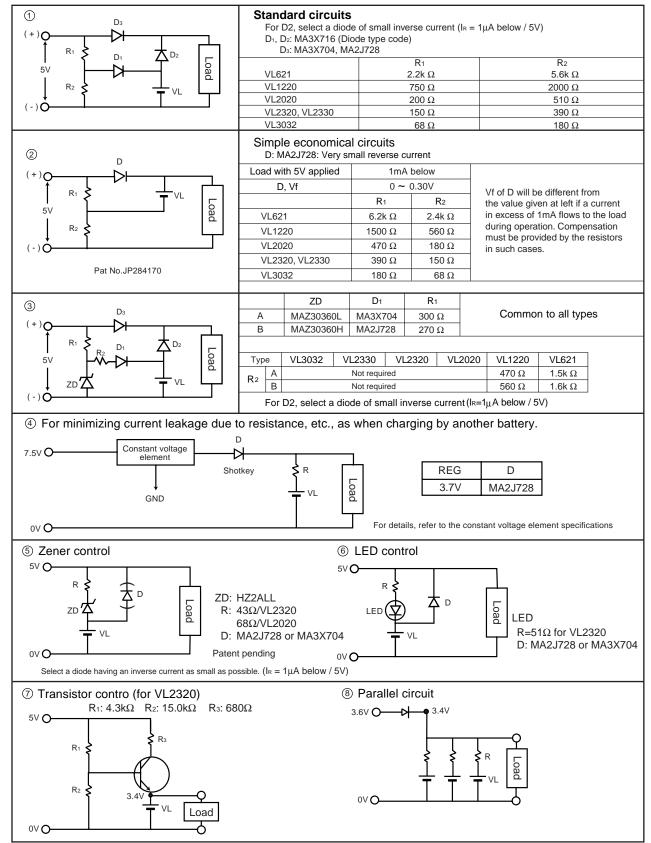
Do not use these batteries and lithium primary batteries or other rechargeable batteries together, and do not use new batteries and old batteries together even if they are of the same type.



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Charging

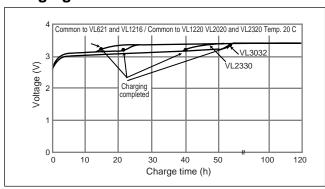
Reference: Examples of charging circuits



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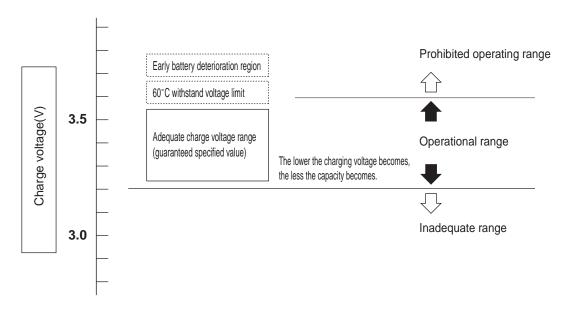
Charging

Charging characteristics



Influence of charge voltage on VL batteries

If the charge voltage goes beyond its adequate range, battery performance may deteriorate early. Be sure to observe the recommended charge voltage.



UL recognition conditions

When a protective component is shorted or opened, the maximum charge current is regulated to the following Value: 300mA